

INTERNAL MEMORANDUM

To: Rebecca Owens
From: Matt Davies (Ecologist)
Ext: 5278

Memo number: 1
Date of previous memo: -
Date: 01/04/2026

SUBJECT: P/26/0064 | Side extension with rear dormer and other alterations | 21 Shirley Drive Heolgerrig Merthyr Tydfil CF48 1SE

SITE DESCRIPTION

Semi-detached residential property adjacent to valuable, connected habitat suitable for protected species.

PROPOSED WORKS AND POTENTIAL IMPACTS

See table below.

Proposed works	Works likely to impact protected species (if present)
Side extension with rear dormer and other alterations	Yes, nesting birds + roosting bats

DESIGNATED SITES WITHIN 500M OF THE APPLICATION SITE

- ✓ Site of Special Scientific Interest (SSSI) – x1, Cwm Glo a Glyndyrys (c.268m);
- ✓ Sites of Importance for Nature Conservation (SINC) – x1, Cwm Glo (c.268m);
- ✓ Ancient Semi Natural Woodland (ASNW) – x1;
- ✓ NRW Priority Area (Heathland + Grassland) – x1;
- ✓ Within a Buglife B-Lines Area.

PRIORITY AND PROTECTED SPECIES WITHIN 500M OF THE APPLICATION SITE

- ✓ Birds (including Schedule 1¹ and Section 7² species);
- ✓ Fungi + Slime Moulds (including Section 7² species);
- ✓ Invertebrates (including Section 7² species)
 - ✓ Marsh fritillary butterfly (Section 7² species), closest record c.279m from site;
- ✓ Mammals
 - ✓ Bats (European protected species³ + some Section 7² species) - closest record for Common pipistrelle bat, c.179m from site and roost records for Lesser horseshoe bat and Greater horseshoe bat, both c.1585m from site);
 - ✓ Hedgehog (Section 7² species);
 - ✓ Harvest mouse (Section 7² species);
 - ✓ Badger;
 - ✓ Water vole (Section 7² species);
- ✓ Reptiles (Section 7² species);
- ✓ Amphibians

¹ Wildlife & Countryside Act 1981 (as amended)

² Environment (Wales) Act 2016

³ Conservation of Habitats and Species Regulations 2017 (as amended)

- ✓ Great crested newt (European protected species³ + Section 7 species) - closest record c.282m from site);
- ✓ Vascular plants (including Section 7² species).

REQUIREMENTS

A Preliminary Roost Assessment (PRA) for bats and nesting birds of the site (undertaken by a suitably qualified and experienced ecologist) is required. This must provide sufficient information for the local planning authority to assess any potential adverse impacts of the proposed development on priority and protected species and/or habitats, or to identify what further information is required before a full assessment is possible.

The results of the PRA will be used to inform whether further surveys are required, or to establish the need for and extent of any mitigation and compensation measures required as part of the proposed development.

A BARB+ data search is required from SEWBRcC.

There will need to be enhancement of the site in line with the Environment (Wales) Act 2016.

Planning Policy Wales (PPW 12), Chapter 6 must be considered where relevant to this application.

The main elements of the policy (that are or may be relevant to this application) are as follows:

- *GREEN INFRASTRUCTURE: stronger emphasis on taking a proactive approach to green infrastructure, the submission of a proportionate **green infrastructure statement** [GIS] with planning applications and signposting Building with Nature standards.*
- *NET BENEFIT FOR BIODIVERSITY AND THE STEP-WISE APPROACH: further clarity is provided on securing net benefit for biodiversity through the application of the step-wise approach, including the acknowledgement of off-site compensation measures as a last resort, and, the need to consider **enhancement and long-term management** at each step. The use of the green infrastructure statement as a means of demonstrating the stepwise approach is made explicit. A simplified diagram of the policy approach has been developed (included within PPW12). The importance of strategic collaboration to identify and capture larger scale opportunities for securing a net benefit for biodiversity is recognised.*
- *PROTECTION FOR SITES OF SPECIAL SCIENTIFIC INTEREST: strengthened approach to the protection of SSSIs, with increased clarity on the position for site management and exemptions for minor development necessary to maintain a 'living landscape'. Other development is considered unacceptable as a matter of principle. Exceptionally, a planned approach may be appropriate where necessary safeguards can be secured through a development plan*
- *TREES AND WOODLANDS: closer alignment with the stepwise approach, along with promoting new planting as part of development based on securing the right tree in the right place.*

For further information, see here - [Planning Policy Wales - Edition 12 \(gov.wales\)](https://gov.wales/planning-policy-wales-edition-12)