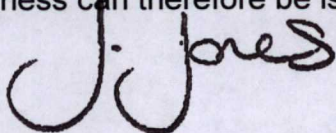


Town and Country Planning Act 1990 : Section 191 and 192
(As Amended by Section 10 of the Planning and Compensation Act 1991)

CERTIFICATE OF LAWFUL USE OR DEVELOPMENT

The Merthyr Tydfil County Borough Council hereby declares that on 25th March 2021 the development described in the First Schedule to this certificate in respect of the land specified in the Second Schedule to this certificate would have been lawful within the meaning of Section 192 of the Town and Country Planning Act 1990 (as amended), for the following reason:

- 1 The proposal falls within use class C1 of the Town and Country Planning (Use Classes) Order 1987 and does not constitute a material change of use. Consequently the development is lawful for planning purposes and planning permission is not required. A Certificate of Lawfulness can therefore be issued for this proposal.



Signed: (Council's authorised officer)

On behalf of Merthyr Tydfil County Borough Council

Date: **14 MAY 2021**

First Schedule :

Certificate of lawful development for the proposed use of the existing hotel as an apart hotel

Second Schedule :

Mackintosh Hotel Aberfan Road Aberfan Merthyr Tydfil

NOTES

1. This Certificate is issued solely for the purpose of Section 192 of the Town and Country Planning Act 1990 (as amended).
2. It certifies that the operations specified in the First Schedule taking place on the land described in the Second Schedule was lawful, on the specified date and thus, would not have been liable to enforcement action under Section 172 of the 1990 Act on that date.
3. This certificate applies only to the extent of the operations described in the First Schedule and identified on the attached plan. Any operations which are materially different from that described or which relate to other land may render the owner or occupier liable to enforcement action.
4. The effect of the Certificate is also qualified by the proviso in Section 192(4) of the 1990 Act, as amended, which states that the lawfulness of a described use or operation is only conclusively presumed where there has been no material change before the use is instituted or the operations begun, in any of the matters relevant to determining such lawfulness.